

The probability of exceeding a high boundary by a heavy-tailed branching random walk in varying environment

Pavel Tesemnikov

Novosibirsk State University, Sobolev Institute of Mathematics and MCA, Russia

August 27, 2020

Presentation outline

- 1 Branching Processes in Varying environment (BPVE)
- 2 Branching Random Walk (BRW)

Presentation outline

1 Branching Processes in Varying environment (BPVE)

2 Branching Random Walk (BRW)

BPVE

BPVE

Let $\{\zeta_{n,j}\}_{n,j \geq 0}$ the sequence of r.v.'s such that

BPVE

Let $\{\zeta_{n,j}\}_{n,j \geq 0}$ the sequence of r.v.'s such that

- $\zeta_{n,j}$, $n, j \geq 0$ are **mutually independent**;

BPVE

Let $\{\zeta_{n,j}\}_{n,j \geq 0}$ the sequence of r.v.'s such that

- $\zeta_{n,j}$, $n, j \geq 0$ are **mutually independent**;
- for any $n \geq 0$ r.v.'s $\zeta_{n,1}, \zeta_{n,2}, \dots$ have **common distribution** \mathcal{P}_n .

BPVE

Let $\{\zeta_{n,j}\}_{n,j \geq 0}$ the sequence of r.v.'s such that

- $\zeta_{n,j}$, $n, j \geq 0$ are **mutually independent**;
- for any $n \geq 0$ r.v.'s $\zeta_{n,1}, \zeta_{n,2}, \dots$ have **common distribution** \mathcal{P}_n .

$$Z_0 = 1, \quad Z_{n+1} = \sum_{j=1}^{Z_n} \zeta_{n,j} \text{ for } n \geq 0.$$

BPVE

Let $\{\zeta_{n,j}\}_{n,j \geq 0}$ the sequence of r.v.'s such that

- $\zeta_{n,j}$, $n, j \geq 0$ are **mutually independent**;
- for any $n \geq 0$ r.v.'s $\zeta_{n,1}, \zeta_{n,2}, \dots$ have **common distribution** \mathcal{P}_n .

$$Z_0 = 1, \quad Z_{n+1} = \sum_{j=1}^{Z_n} \zeta_{n,j} \text{ for } n \geq 0.$$

- $\zeta_{n,1} \geq 1$ a.s. for any $n \geq 1$.

Evolution of BPVE

Evolution of BPVE

Z_n – BPVE

Evolution of BPVE

Z_n — BPVE



Evolution of BPVE

Z_n — BPVE



$$Z_0 = 1$$

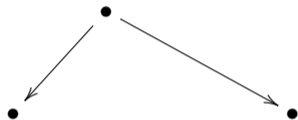
Evolution of BPVE

 Z_n — BPVE \mathcal{P}_0  $Z_0 = 1$

Evolution of BPVE

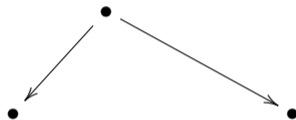
Z_n — BPVE

\mathcal{P}_0

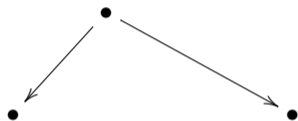


$Z_0 = 1$

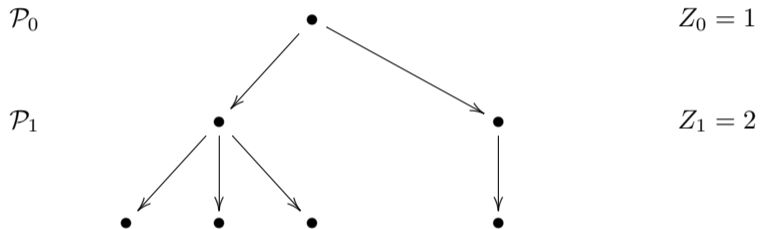
Evolution of BPVE

 Z_n — BPVE \mathcal{P}_0  $Z_0 = 1$ $Z_1 = 2$

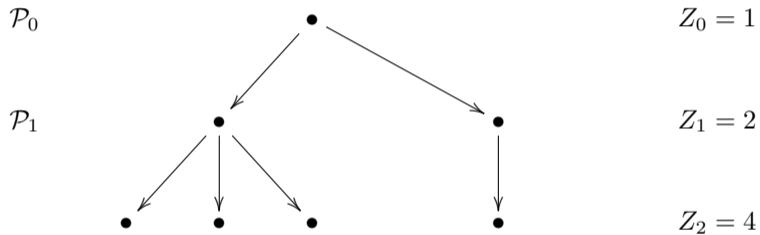
Evolution of BPVE

 Z_n — BPVE \mathcal{P}_0 \mathcal{P}_1  $Z_0 = 1$ $Z_1 = 2$

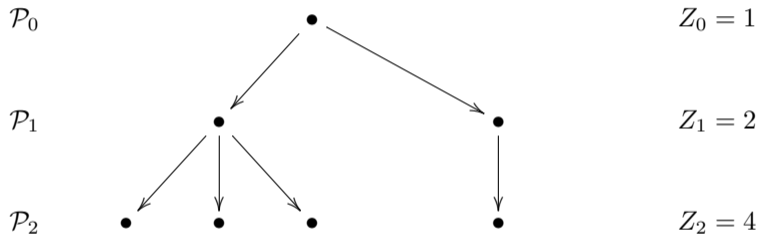
Evolution of BPVE

 Z_n — BPVE

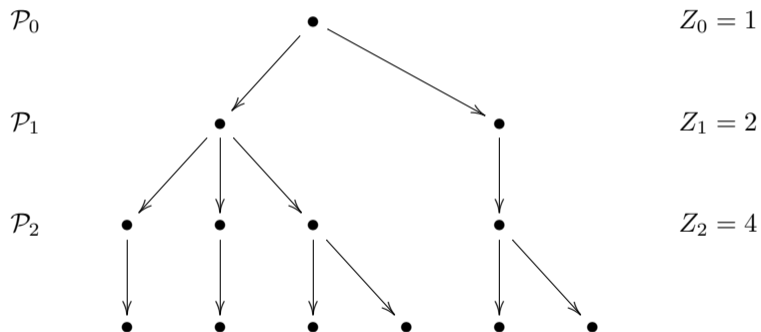
Evolution of BPVE

 Z_n — BPVE

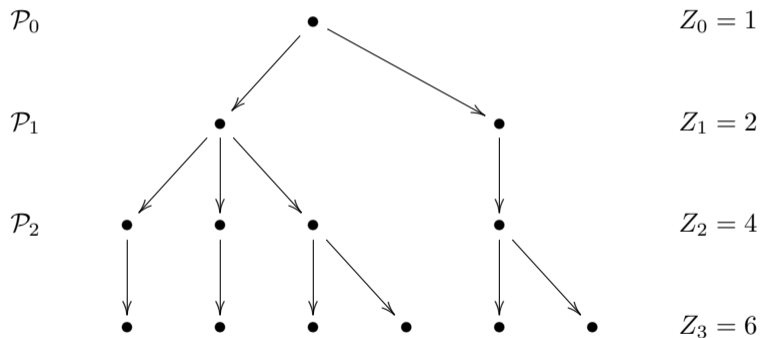
Evolution of BPVE

 Z_n — BPVE

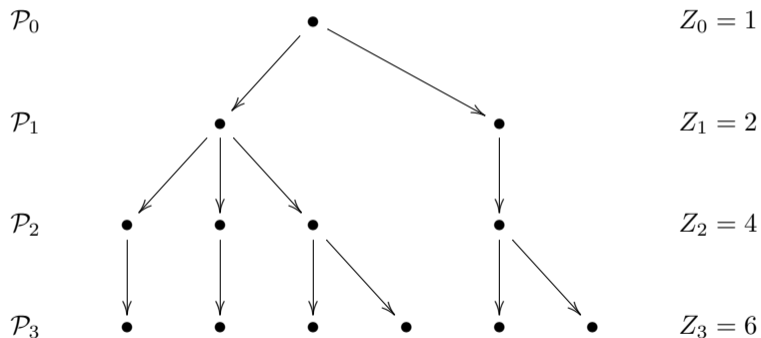
Evolution of BPVE

 Z_n — BPVE

Evolution of BPVE

 Z_n — BPVE

Evolution of BPVE

 Z_n — BPVE

Condition for fading

Condition for fading

$$\prod_{n=0}^{\infty} \mathbb{E} \zeta_1^{(n)} < \infty.$$

(1)

Condition for fading

$$\prod_{n=0}^{\infty} \mathbb{E} \zeta_1^{(n)} < \infty.$$

(1)

Proposition 1

Let (1) holds. Then there exists $Z_\infty \in L_1(\Omega)$ such that

$$Z_n \rightarrow Z_\infty \text{ a.s. and in } L_1(\Omega) \text{ as } n \rightarrow \infty.$$

Moreover, the fading time

$$\nu = \inf\{n \geq 1 : Z_n = Z_{n+1} = \dots = Z_\infty\} < \infty \text{ a.s.}$$

Properties of BPVE with fading

Goal: to obtain conditions for the finiteness of the moments of ν and Z_∞ .

Presentation outline

1 Branching Processes in Varying environment (BPVE)

2 Branching Random Walk (BRW)

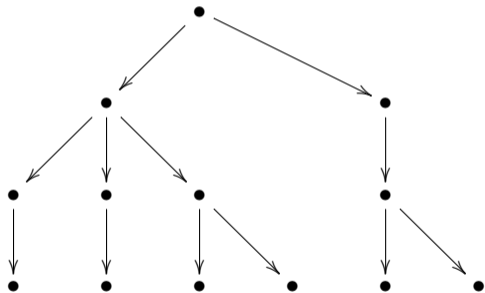
BRW

BRW

$$\{Z_n\}$$

BRW

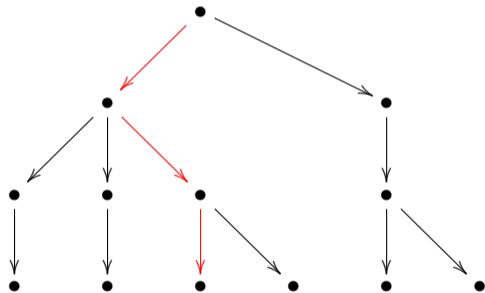
$$\{Z_n\} \leftrightarrow \mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{E})$$



.....

BRW

$$\{Z_n\} \leftrightarrow \mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{E})$$

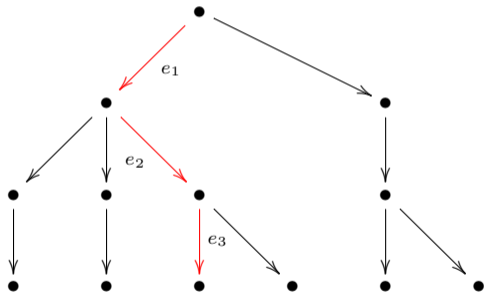


.....

BRW

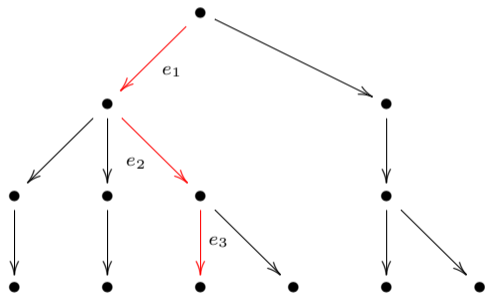
$$\{Z_n\} \leftrightarrow \mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{E})$$

$\pi = (e_1, e_2, \dots)$ – path.



BRW

$$\{Z_n\} \leftrightarrow \mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{E})$$

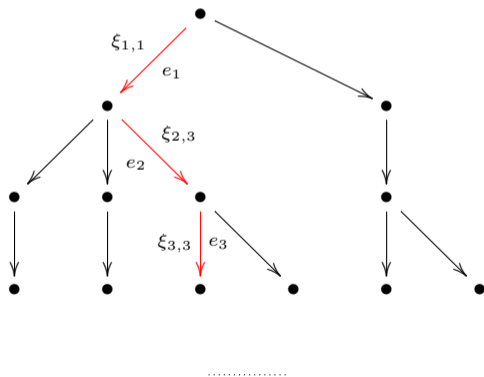


$\pi = (e_1, e_2, \dots)$ – path.

$e \in \mathcal{E} \leftrightarrow \xi_{n(e), j(e)} \sim F, \mathbb{E}\xi_{1,1} = 0$

BRW

$$\{Z_n\} \leftrightarrow \mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{E})$$

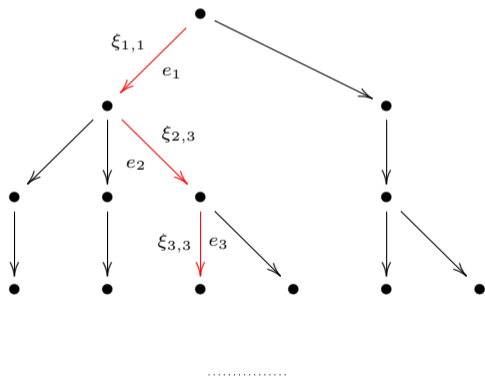


$\pi = (e_1, e_2, \dots)$ – path.

$e \in \mathcal{E} \leftrightarrow \xi_{n(e), j(e)} \sim F, \mathbb{E}\xi_{1,1} = 0$

BRW

$$\{Z_n\} \leftrightarrow \mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{E})$$



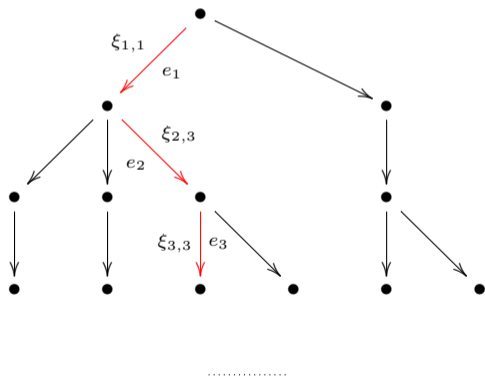
$\pi = (e_1, e_2, \dots)$ – path.

$e \in \mathcal{E} \leftrightarrow \xi_{n(e), j(e)} \sim F, \mathbb{E}\xi_{1,1} = 0$

$\xi_{n,j}, n, j \geq 1$ are independent

BRW

$$\{Z_n\} \leftrightarrow \mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{E})$$



$\pi = (e_1, e_2, \dots)$ – path.

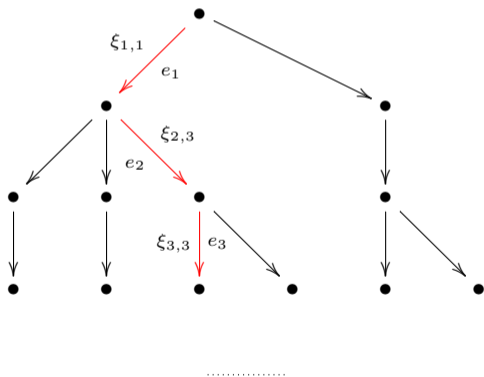
$e \in \mathcal{E} \leftrightarrow \xi_{n(e), j(e)} \sim F, \mathbb{E}\xi_{1,1} = 0$

$\xi_{n,j}, n, j \geq 1$ are independent

$\{\xi_{n,j}\}$ and $\{\zeta_{n,j}\}$ are independent

BRW

$$\{Z_n\} \leftrightarrow \mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{E})$$



$\pi = (e_1, e_2, \dots)$ – path.

$e \in \mathcal{E} \leftrightarrow \xi_{n(e), j(e)} \sim F, \mathbb{E}\xi_{1,1} = 0$

$\xi_{n,j}, n, j \geq 1$ are independent

$\{\xi_{n,j}\}$ and $\{\zeta_{n,j}\}$ are independent

g-shifted BRW:

$$S^g(\pi) = \sum_{e \in \pi} \xi_{n(e), j(e)} - g(|\pi|)$$

Goal

Goal

Let

$$R_n^g = \sup_{\pi: |\pi| \leq n} S^g(\pi).$$

Goal

Let

$$R_n^g = \sup_{\pi: |\pi| \leq n} S^g(\pi).$$

$$\mathbb{P}(R_\mu^g > x) \sim? \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty$$

where $\mu \leq \infty$ is the counting r.v.