

One Generalization of Baer's Theorem

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All considered groups are finite. In [1] R. Baer studied properties of hypercenter $Z_\infty(G)$:

Theorem 1. [1] *For any group G the following conditions hold*

(1) *If p is a prime then p -element $g \in Z_\infty(G)$ iff g permutes with all elements of G whose orders are coprime to the order of g .*

(2) *The hypercenter of G is the intersection of normalizers of all Sylow subgroups of G .*

The following class is the natural generalization of nilpotent groups. Let π be a non-empty set of primes. Assume that $\{\pi_i | i \in I, i \neq j \Rightarrow \pi_i \cap \pi_j = \emptyset\}$ is a partition of π . Denote through $\times_{i \in I} \mathfrak{G}_{\pi_i}$ the class of all groups which are the direct products of their Hall π_i -subgroups. This class is a particular case of saturated lattice formations (see [2] or [3]). The main goal of this work is to extend Baer's result for such classes.

According to p.389 of [4] for a local formation \mathfrak{F} the \mathfrak{F} -hypercenter $Z_{\mathfrak{F}}(G)$ of a group G is the maximal F -hypercentral normal subgroup for the canonical local definition F of \mathfrak{F} . As there was shown for any group G the \mathfrak{F} -hypercenter exists and is unique. In particular when \mathfrak{F} is the class of all nilpotent groups we have $Z_\infty(G) = Z_{\mathfrak{F}}(G)$.

Our main result is

Theorem 2. *Let $\sigma = \{\pi_i | i \in I \text{ and } \pi_i \cap \pi_j = \emptyset \text{ for all } i \neq j\}$ be a partition of non-empty set of primes π and $\mathfrak{F} = \times_{i \in I} \mathfrak{G}_{\pi_i}$. If G is a π -group then:*

(1) *A π_i -element g of G belongs to $Z_{\mathfrak{F}}(G)$ iff g permutes with all π'_i -elements of G .*

(2) *The intersection of normalizers of all maximal π_i -subgroups of G for all $i \in I$ is $Z_{\mathfrak{F}}(G)$.*

References

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